



New England Biolabs, Inc.
Tel: 800-632-5227 (orders)
Tel: 800-632-7799 (support)
Fax: 978-921-1350
e-mail: info@neb.com
WWW: <http://www.neb.com>

Alkaline Phosphatase, Calf Intestinal (CIP)

#M0290S 1,000 units \$58 (USA)
#M0290L 5,000 units \$232 (USA)

Description

Alkaline phosphatase catalyzes the removal of 5' phosphate groups from DNA, RNA, ribo- and deoxyribonucleoside triphosphates. Since CIP-treated fragments lack the 5' phosphoryl termini required by ligases, they cannot self-ligate (1). This property can be used to decrease the vector background in cloning strategies.

Source

Calf intestinal mucosa

Applications

- Removing of 5' and 3' phosphoryl groups from nucleic acids
- Preparing of templates for 5' end labeling
- Preventing fragments from self ligating
- Dephosphorylation of proteins

Reaction Buffer

10X NEBuffer 3:
[100 mM NaCl, 50 mM Tris-HCl, 10 mM MgCl₂, 1 mM dithiothreitol (pH 7.9 @ 25°C)].

CIP is also active in NEBuffers 2 or 4 as well as the NEBuffers for EcoR I, BamH I and Sal I.

Concentration

10,000 units/ml

Storage Conditions

50 mM KCl, 10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.2), 1 mM MgCl₂, 0.1 mM ZnCl₂ and 50% glycerol. Store at -20°C.

Unit Definition

One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme that hydrolyzes 1 μ mole of p-nitrophenylphosphate to p-nitrophenol in 1 minute at 37°C in a volume of 1 ml (2).

Unit Assay Conditions

1 M diethanolamine-HCl (pH 9.8), 0.5 mM MgCl₂, 10 mM p-nitrophenylphosphate and enzyme. These conditions are only used for quantitating enzyme activity.

Dephosphorylating with CIP:

1. Suspend DNA in 1X NEBuffer (0.5 μ g/10 μ l).
2. Add 0.5 unit/ μ g vector DNA.
3. Incubate 60 minutes at 37°C.
4. Purify DNA by gel purification, spin-column purification or phenol extraction.

Note

Slightly lower activity may be observed in any reaction buffer containing a total salt concentration of less than 50 mM, under these conditions a 2-fold excess of CIP is recommended.

References

1. Sambrook, J., Fritsch, E. F. and Maniatis, T. (1989). *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, (2nd ed.), p 5.72, Cold Spring Harbor: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press.
2. Mossner, E., Boll, M. and Pfeleiderer, G. (1980) *Hoppe Seyler's Z. Physiol. Chem.* 361, 543-549.